Spatial planning The role of Polish-Slovak neighborhood in Central Europe



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Main Points

- New National Spatial Development Concept for Poland 2030 (NSDC 2030)
- Polish-Slovak neighborhood in NSDC2030
- Accessibility approach in transport policy
- Findings of the INFRAREGTUR Project
- Some recommendations

Strategic Aims of NSDC 2030

- To improve the competitiveness of Poland major urban centers in the European context
- To enhance internal cohesion and balance the territorial development
- To improve Poland connectivity in different dimensions by developing transport and telecommunication infrastructure
- To develop spatial structures supporting the achievement and preservation of Poland's high quality natural environment and landscape
- To enhance spatial structure's resistance
- To restore and consolidate spatial order.

Fig. 6. Major components of the transport network in 2011 and areas with the worst travel time accessibility



Old and new NSDC



Road and rail infrastructure – final picture (2030)

Fig. 23 Expected development of the road network compared to the development of airport network, sea port network and Odra Waterway – stage III*





Network of airports - stage III



Fig. 26 Expected development of the railway network compared to the development of airport network, sea port network and Odra Waterway – stage III*



* implementation of individual projects will depend on the transport policy of the Government

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"No – continuations" (from NSDC point of view)

- Kielce-Tarnów- Presov road corridor
- Kraków-Chyżne
- Kraków-Presov rail line

New approach in transport policy

Traditional approach

- Indicators: roads, rails (number, kilometers, capacity)
- Basis for investment: present traffic
- Priority for transit
- Documents: TEN-T network, Transport Development Strategy

Alternative approach

- Accessibility indicators
- Basis for investment: socio-economic linkages, aims of regional and cohesion policies
- Priority for regional and local accessibility
- Documents: Territorial Agenda EU 2020, new NSDC 2030

Possibilities for accessibility improovement (5-th Cohesion Report)



1.32 Potential increase in road accessibility: high-speed scenario relative to current situation





1.36 Potential increase in rail accessibility: high-speed scenario relative to current situation



500 Km

Source: DG REGIO; Spiekermann & Wegener



Relative change of the potential accessibility in Poland2004-2013 (EU supported investment only)



Dostępność potencjałowa Zmiana względna (%)



Inwestycje dofinansowane ze środków unijnych

Autostrady

Drogi ekspresowe



Access to the Polish-Slovak border

15 hodín

CZASOWA DOSTĘPNOŚĆ PRZESTRZENNA OD GRANICY POLSKO-SŁOWACKIEJ, ČASOVÁ DOSTUPNOSŤ OD SLOVENSKO-POĽSKEJ HRANICE, 2010



Izochrony dojazdu samochodem Izochróny dostupnosti osobným automobilom 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 godzin

CZASOWA DOSTĘPNOŚĆ PRZESTRZENNA Z WARSZAWY, 2010 ČASOVÁ DOSTUPNOSŤ Z VARŠAVY, 2010





CZASOWA DOSTĘPNOŚĆ PRZESTRZENNA Z BRATYSŁAWY, 2010 ČASOVÁ DOSTUPNOSŤ Z BRATISLAVY, 2010



Izochrony dojazdu samochodem Izochróny dostupnosti osobným automobilom 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 god

Border areas in potential accessibility analysis

Potential analysis – Medium-term tourism



Changes 2010-2030



Network development simulations

New road to Rabka (S7)



New road to the border (S7 to Chyżne)



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FTT			27	

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ina wartości syntetycznego wskażnika dostępności potencjałowej rocentach, 2010–100%)				INFRAREGTUR		Projekt realizowany przez - Projekt realizujú:	
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					rganizačné možnosti zlepšenia priestorovej dostupnosti ofsko-slovenských regiónov cestovného ruchu	Geografický ústav Slovenskej akadémie vied v Bratislave http://www.geography.sau.sk/	GAV
102 104 105	106 110				http://www.infra	regtur.eu/	

New cross-border road Kraków - Bańska-Bystrzyca



Tourist market – supply and demand analysis



Number of population in distance of x hours from each tourist center

Supply analysis

Population

Thank you for your attention!