

The Spratly Islands administered by the individual states of the region and the boundaries of claims versus the exclusive economic zones and the boundaries of the continental shelf



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| <p>Areas of land (islands, cays, reefs, rocks):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ administered by China ■ administered by the Philippines ■ administered by Malaysia ■ administered by Taiwan ■ administered by Vietnam | <p>Submerged areas and areas only partly above water:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> administered by China administered by Malaysia administered by Vietnam <p> L Landing fields Runways Harbours </p> | <p>Boundaries of claims submitted by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> China – the 'nine-dash line' (1947) Philippines – to the exclusive economic zone (1974) Malaysia – to the exclusive economic zone (1979) Malaysia – to the continental shelf (2009) Vietnam – to the petroleum block (1979) Vietnam – to the continental shelf (2009) | <p>Boundaries of the exclusive economic zones delimited pursuant to the ruling of the Permanent Court of Arbitration in The Hague issued in 2016 (case number 2013-19) and in line with the UNCLOS, i.e. 200 nautical miles from the straight baseline of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Brunei Philippines Malaysia Indonesia Vietnam <p> Boundaries of the territorial seas</p> |
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Reservation: The boundaries of the claims in the South China Sea have not been precisely delimited. This is their approximate location, presented for illustrative purposes only.